AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial		FILED
	STATES DISTRICT Co	OURT  NOV 20023  CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY  DEPUTY
United States of America v.  EDGAR JOEL MARTINEZ-REYES  Defendant	) ) ) Case No. 2:23	-CR-00524-DMG-1

## ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

Upon the

- ✓ Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or
- ☐ Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),

the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

## Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)

- □ A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community because the following conditions have been met:
   □ (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
   □ (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or
  - $\Box$  (b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
  - □ (c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or
  - □(d) any felony if such person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs
    (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or
  - $\Box$  (e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves:
    - (i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921);
  - (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and
  - ☐ (2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and
  - □ (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and
  - □ (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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rebuttable presumption that no	Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant
committed one or more of the	
☑ (1) an offense for which	ch a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances	Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 r Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18	8 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
☐ (3) an offense listed in or more is prescribed;	18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years
(4) an offense under C	hapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of
imprisonment of 20 ye	ars or more is prescribed; or
	ng a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, (1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 3, or 2425.
□ C. Conclusions Regarding A	Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
	introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is Part III need not be completed.)
OR	
	sented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the ther factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III	I - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
	et forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, ant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
■ By clear and convincing evide the safety of any other person	ence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure and the community.
■ By a preponderance of evidence the defendant's appearance as	ce that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure required.
In addition to any findings made on	the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:
☐ Weight of evidence agains	st the defendant is strong
✓ Subject to lengthy period of	
☐ Prior criminal history	
<del>-</del>	ctivity while on probation, parole, or supervision
☐ History of violence or use	•
☐ History of alcohol or subst	-
☐ Lack of stable employmen	
☐ Lack of stable residence	
☐ Lack of financially respon	sible sureties

☐ Lack of significant community or family ties to this district
☑ Significant family or other ties outside the United States
☐ Lack of legal status in the United States
☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
☐ Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
☐ Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
☑ Use of alias(es) or false documents
☐ Background information unknown or unverified
☐ Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

## OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

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Defendant, who is a citizen of Mexico and has a valid Mexican passport and obtained legal permanent residency in the United States last year, travels out of the courntry frequently. He traveled to Tijuana, Mexico, two weeks ago, he travels there every 20-30 days, and he has traveled to Argentina, Peru, and Colombia. There is a discrepancy between the travel information that Defendant provided to Pretrial Services and the travel information his brother provided to Pretrial Services. Defendant has two dates of birth and social security numbers on file. The government alleges that he is the director of a money laundering organization with connections to cartels in multiple countires, including Argentina, Brazil, and Colombia, and that he obtaned his legal permanent residency in the United States through fraudulent terms and a fictitious marriage. The Indictment alleges that Defendant laundered drug trafficking proceeds for the Sinaloa Cartel, and that he delivered drug trafficking proceeds to co-conspirators for conversion of the proceeds to cryptocurrency.

## Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	11/02/2023	PATRICIA DONAHUE	
		United States Magistrate Judge	